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S/140/61/000/005/002/007 C111/C222

AUTHORS:

Kondrat'yev, A. S., and Ustinova, T. J.

TITLE:

The solution of the problem on the oscillation properties

of the vibrations of buckling bars

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Matematika,

no. 5, 1961, 19-22

TEXT: In (Ref. 2: A. S. Kondrat'yev, Z. S. Chaykina: Ostsillyatsionny-ye svoystva prodol'no-ozhatogo sterzhnya [Oscillation properties of a buckling bar] PMM, 21, vyp. 4, 1957) it was shown that the influence function H(x,s; P) of a buckling bar for all boundary conditions has the oscillation property if the acting load is not greater than the least eigenvalue of a certain boundary value problem. In the present paper the authors give a complete solution of the problem, i. e. it is shown that the influence function has the oscillation property for all values of P being smaller than the first critical load. This solution is complete inasmuch as for P > P krit I

equilibrium form becomes instable and oscillations around it are impossible. - There are 3 Soviet-bloc references. SUBMITTED: April 6, 1959

Card 1/1

KONDRAT YEV, A.S.; USTINOVA, T.I.

Solution of the problem of the oscillatory properties of vibrations arising in longitudinally compressed rods. Izv.vys. ucheb.zav.; mat. no.5:19-22 '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Kuybyshevskiy industrial nyy institut. (Elastic rods and wires) (Boundary value problems)

ACCESSION NR: AP3002890

S/0054/63/000/002/0027/0036

AUTHORS: Kondrat'yev, A. S.; Pavinskiy, P. P.

TITLE: Step structure in absorption spectra of excitons in copper oxide

SCURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriya fiziki i khimii, no. 2, 1963, 27-36

TOPIC TAGS: ion, crystal lattice, absorption band, dipole, quadrupole, phonon, exciton

ABSTRACT: The general motion of ions in a crystal lattice has been studied with constant a and N spinless nuclei. The wave and energy equations for the fundemental state of the crystal have been derived. Specifically, the step structure of Cu_2O has been investigated in the absorption band formation, including the effects of both dipole and cuadrupole transitions. The resulting mathematical expressions indicate that cuadrupole transitions with production and destruction of phonons cannot be neglected when compared to dipole transitions. The main features of the part of absorption band contiguous to the exciton line n=1 in Cu_2O may be interpreted theoretically as being due to the additional phonon excitation in the lattice. Orig. art. has: 45 equations.

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP3002890
ASSOCIATION: none
SUBMITTED: Oldeo62 DATE ACQ: 24Jul63 ENCL: 00
SUB CODE: PH NO REF SOV: 007 OTHER: 001

Card 2/2

POPOV, B.M.; VINOGRADOVA, L.I.; KONDRATIYEV, A.S.

Injector for a cyclotron. Uskoriteli no.6:112-115 '64.

(MIRA 18:2)

KOBUSHKIN, Viktor Kirillovich; KONDRAT'YEV, Aleksandr Sergevevich; PRIYATKIN, Nikolay Aleksandrovich; TSAR'KOVA,Z.I., red.

[Collection of problems in physics; in aid of persons enrolling in schools of higher learning] Sbornik zadach po fizike; v pomoshch' postupaiushchim v vysshie uchebnye zavedeniia. Leningrad, Izd-vo Leningr. univ., 1965. 84 p.

(MIRA 19:1)

KONDRAT'YEV, A. T.

Ratsionalizatsiya Proizvodstva. (Mashinostroit. Zavody. Penz. Obl.) Penza, Kn. Isd.) 1954. 160 s. s. Chert. 20 sm. 3.000 Ekz. 3 r. 80 K. V Per.-(55-2917)P 621.80

SO: KNIZHNAYA LETOPIS 'NP. 6, 1955

MONDRATIVE V. H. T.
DOLGIY, N.A.; KONDRATIVEV. A.T.

Beview of school activities. Fis. v shkole 17 no.3:95-96 My-Je '57. (MLRA 10:6)

1. 1-ya Ramenskaya srednyaya shkola (for Dolgiy). 2. Institut usovershenstvovaniya uchiteley, Pensa (for Kondrat'yev).

(Physics--Study and teaching)

NEW DRIFT YEV. A. (Pensa).

Seminar and practicus for mathematics teachers of grades 8-10.

Mat. v shkole no.2:93 Mr-Ap '98. (MIRA 11:2)

(Mathematics—Study and teaching)

L 8479-66

ACC NR: AP5028494

SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/020/0067/0067

AUTHORS: Kondrat'yev, A. V.; Kowrigin, A. A.; Shevchenko, L. Ya.

ORG: none

TITLE: A precision unit for linear geodetic measurements. Class 42, No. 175662 /announced by Moscow Institute of Engineers of Geodesy, Aerophotography, and Cartography (Moskovskiy institut inzhenerov geodezil, aerofotos yemki i kartografii)

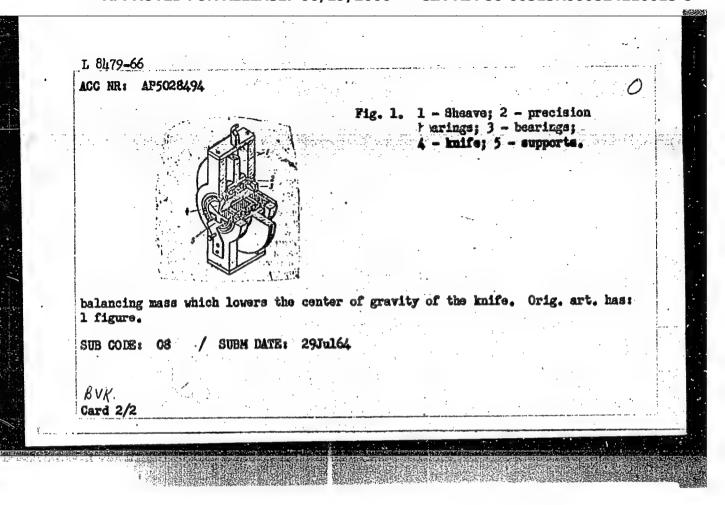
SOURCE: Byulleten! izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 20, 1965, 67

TOPIC TAGS: geodesy, surveying instrument, measuring apparatus, GEODETIC

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a precision unit for linear geodetic measurements. The unit contains a sheave supporting a loaded thread, and two lateral flanges. A precision ball bearing is mounted in each of these flanges coaxially with the sheave (see Fig. 1). To increase the sensitivity of the unit, other ball bearings are pressed into the sheave coaxially with the precision bearing. A knife is mounted inside the second bearings, with its supports pressed into the precision bearings. A space in the knife blade is filled with a

Card 1/2

VDC: 528.5-187.4



KONDRAT'YEV, B.A.; LAPSHINA, T.M.; NIKISHOV, M.I.; SOLOV'YEV, A.I., redakter; SHADGHOV, T.A., redakter; EUZ'MIN, G.M., tekhnicheskiy redakter.

[Work manual to accompany the atlas of foreign countries for secondary schools] Pesebie k rabete s geograficheskin atlasem sarubeshnykh strandlia srednei shkely. Meskva, Isd-ve geodesicheskei lit-ry, 1956. 54 p. (Atlases) (MIRA 9:6)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8 GEDMONOV, A.A.; KOMDRAT'YRV, B.A. Lessons on the subject "Population of the world" in the fifth class. Geog.v shkole 19 no.2:51-56 Mr-Ap '56. (MIRA 9:7) (Geography -- Study and teaching)

Compantive, B.A.; Dobezhitskiv, B.S.; Rodionova, F.A., red.; Smirhova, M.I., Feldin, red.

[Lessons in geography for the fifth grade; based on experience]

Uroki geografii v platom klasse; iz opyta raboty. Moskva, Gos.

uchebno-pedagog. ind-vo M-va prosv. RSFSR, 1957. 230 p.

(Geography—Study and teaching)

(MIRA 11:7)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CI

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8

GEDENOROV, A.A.; KONDHATTYN, B.A.

Graphic work in the ntudy of geography in the 5th grade. Geog. v

shkole 21 no. 4:46-53 JI-Ag *58. (HIRA 11:7)

(Geography--Graphic methods)

KONDRAT'YNY, B.A. Television as an aid to the expansion of geographical knowledge. Geog. v shkole 23 no. 6:43-45 N-D '60. (MIRA 13:11) 1. 315-ya shkola g.Moskvy. (Geography--Study and teaching) (Mescow Province--Television in education)

SOKOLOV, V.M. Prinimal uchastiye MYSHETSKAYA, Ye.N.; SHUROV, S.I., red.; BASHLAVINA, G.N., red.; BIBIK, A.Ye., red.; ZASLAVSKIY, I.I., red.; KONDRAT'YEV, B.A., red.; MYASISHCHEVA, Ye.I., red.; SOLOV'YEV, A.I., red.; STROYEV, K.F., red.; SCHASTNEV, P.N., red.; TANANKOVA, A.I., red.; TEREKHOV, N.M., red.; LOBZOVA, N.A., red.

[Atlas of Moscow Province] Atlas Moskovskoi oblasti. Moskva, 1964. 12 p. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Glavnoye upravleniye geodezii i kartografii.

LESHCHUK, I.A.; KONDRAT'TEV, B.F.

Measuring umbalance in communication equipment. Elektrosvins' 10 ne.3:75-78 Mr '56. (MIRA 9:7)

(Electric measurements)

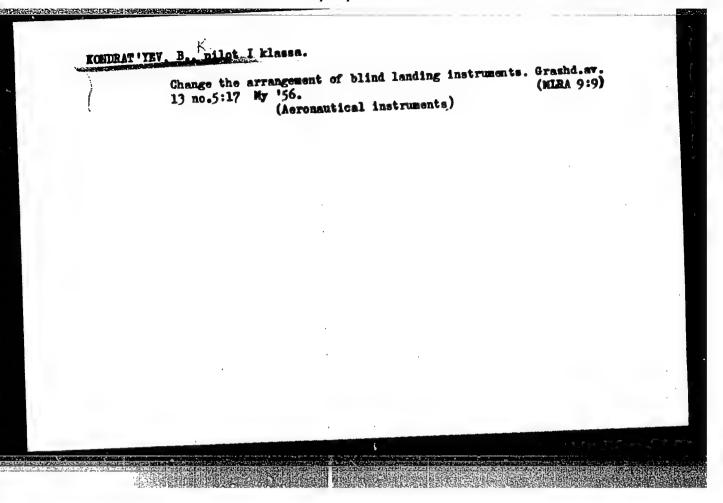
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8

ROIDRAT IN, B. K.

C maiakakh i samoletnem oborudovanii, On beacons and airdraft equipment (Grazhdanskaia aviatsiia, 1937, no. 4-5, p. 12-16). DLC: TL504.G7

SO: Soviet Transportation and Communication, A Bibliography, Library of Congress, Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RD

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8

S/058/63/000/003/089/104 A059/A101

AUTHORS:

.. Kondrat'yev, B. V.

TITLE:

The dispersion properties of a helical waveguide placed into an anisotropic magnetodielectric medium

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 3, 1963, 27, abstract 3Zh160 ("Uch. zap. Khar'kovsk. un-t", 1962, v. 121, Tr. Radiofiz. fak., v. 5, 19 - 25)

TEXT: The dispersion equation of a helical tape placed at the interface between two different anisotropic media has been obtained. The current density distribution on the tape is considered to be known in this case. It is shown that the anisotropy of the medium leads to an increase in delay.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

Shestopalov, V.P.; Kondrat'Yev, B.V.

Space resonance in a helical wave guide located in a magnetodielectric medium. Zhur.tekh.fiz. 29 no.12:1434-1456 D '59.

(MIRA 14:6)

1. Khar'kovskiy Gosudarstvennyy Universitet imeni A.M.Gor'kogo.

(Wave guides)

KONDRAT'YEV, B.V.

Electron beam in a helical wave guide (taking the size of the helix into consideration). Zhur.tekh.fiz. 29 no.12:1477-1480 D 159.

(MIRA 14:6)

1. Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.M.Gor'kogo.
(Wave guides) (Electron beams)

spiral wave guide in free space are $h_0 \ll 2\pi/d$, $h_0 \approx (2\pi/d)n$ (n=1,2,...). Here $h_0 = \omega/v$ denotes the wave number; ω - the cyclic frequency; d - the spacing of the spiral; v - the phase velocity of the wave in the spiral. The expressions mentioned may be written down also as follows: $d \ll \lambda_g$; $d \sim n\lambda_g$ (n=1,2), where λ_g denotes the wave length in the spiral wave guide. At high frequencies the above equations may be expressed immediately by the main parameter of the spiral, viz. by the winding angle θ : $d \ll \lambda_g$ sin θ ;

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Space Resonance in a Spiral-shaped Wave Guide Placed in a Magnetodielectric Medium

SOV/20-125-4-28/74

 $d\sim n\lambda_0$ sin 0. Here λ_0 denotes the wave length in free space. For the purpose of determining the conditions of spatial resonance of spiral wave guides located in a magnetodielectric medium, it is necessary to find the dispersion equation for the waves in such a delaying system. It is necessary, in this connection, to distinguish between two possible cases for the arrangement of the magnetodielectric medium with respect to the spiral: 1) There is no interspace between the spiral and the magnetodielectric which is coaxial to it. 2) There is direct contact between the spiral and the magnetodielectric. First, the rather voluminous dispersion relation for the first case is derived; some of the curves plotted according to this dispersion relation are shown by a diagram. In the second case (direct contact between spiral and magnetodielectric) the boundary conditions on the spiral are differently shaped than in the first case. Conditions are also written down for the components of the electric field along the spiral. Next, the complete system of the boundary conditions of the problem is written down in the cylindrical system of coordinates, and herefrom the dispersion equation for the waves in this system

Card 2/4

Space Resonance in a Spiral-shaped Wave Guide Placed in a Magnetodielectric Medium SOV/20-125-4-28/74

is derived and also specialized for high frequencies. By means of this dispersion relation, it is possible to express the phase velocity v' of the delayed wave in explicit form by quantities which characterize the properties of the medium and of the spiral. In this case v' does not depend on frequency, and this facilitates explicit formulation of the condition of spatial resonance for a wave guide located in a magnetodielectric medium. This condition has the form $d \ll \lambda_{\alpha}$ asin θ , $d \sim n \lambda_{\alpha}$ asin θ . The second diagram shows the dispersion curves calculated for various values of & for the second of the aftrementioned two cases. In the first case, the waves are delayed mainly by the spiral, and in the second, however, delay is caused both by the spiral and by the dielectric. The magnetodielectric increases not only the delay, but it also narrows the forbidden zones within which only fast waves are propagated. There are 2 figures and 7 references, 6 of which are Soviet.

Card 3/4

Space Resonance in a Spiral-shaped Wave Guide

SOV/20-125-4-28/74

Placed in a Magnetodielectric Medium

ASSOCIATION:

Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A. M. Gor'kogo (Khar'kov State University imeni A. M. Gor'kiy)

PRESENTED:

January 5, 1959, by M. A. Leontovich, Academician

SUBMITTED:

January 2, 1959

Card 4/4

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

26801

s/142/61/004/002/003/010

E033/E435

9,4230 AUTHORS:

Shestopalov, V.P., Kondrat'yev, B.V., Slyusarskiy, V.A.

TITLE:

An electron beam in a coaxial a line with an

anisotropic magneto-dielectric

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedniy, Radioteklinika,

1961, Vol.4, No.2, pp.155-164

TEXT: The propagation of electromagnetic waves in a coaxial, spiral line with an electron beam is investigated; the space between the spiral and the outer sheath being filled with an anisotropic magneto-dielectric medium. The article is divided into seven sections:

1. The spiral line consists of three (i=1,2,3) regions: $i=1(0 \le r \le a)$ inside which a continuous, cylindrical, mono-energetic, electron beam is propagated along the z axis of the system; $i=2(a \le r \le b)$ the region between the beam and the spiral; $i=3(b \le r \le r_0)$ the region between the spiral and the sheath, which is filled with the anisotropic magneto-dielectric medium; $(r=a,b,r_0)$ are the radii of the beam, of the spiral and of the sheath respectively; j_z is the beam current density). Card 1/6

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An electron beam ...

By using the field equations and the equation of motion of the charge and assuming small signals, the first relationship between the propagation constant h_n and the separation constant of the variables χ_n is obtained (from previous works quoted in the references)

 $(h_n^2 - \chi_n^2)(h_n - k_0)^2 = \frac{k_0}{k_1} \eta s (h_n^2 - k_1^2)$ (1)

where $\eta = \sqrt{\mu_0/\epsilon_0}$; $k = \omega/c$; $k_1^2 = k^2\epsilon_0\mu_0$; ϵ_0 and μ_0 are the dielectric permittivity and magnetic permeability of the medium; $k_0 = \omega/V_0$, the wave number, corresponding to the mean velocity of the electrons v_0 ; $s = (4W/c)(j_0/2U_0)$, where U_0 is the constant potential difference given by $v_0^2 = (2e/m)(U_0)$; e is the charge and m the mass of an electron. The total current $j_z = f_t = j_0(j_z = j_\phi = 0)$. The index n = 1, 2, 3, 4 indicates the number of the solution of the differential equation for h_0 and χ_0 . The propagation constant h_0 determines the nature of the electromagnetic wave propagated in the line.

2. Expressions for the longitudinal components of the electric Card 2/6

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S/142/61/004/002/003/010 E033/E435

An electron beam ...

and magnetic fields in regions i = 1,2 are obtained. remaining components of the fields are derived from the The longitudinal components of the longitudinal components. electric and magnetic fields in region 3 are obtained by using $\epsilon_{ik} = (\epsilon_r, \epsilon_{\varphi}, \epsilon_z)$ and $\mu_{ik} = (\mu_r, \mu_{\varphi}, \mu_z)$. the diagonal tensors The remaining components of the electro-magnetic fields in this region are derived from the longitudinal components. 3. To determine the propagation constants h_n and X_n , the dispersion equation of the system is first obtained by using the boundary conditions at the surfaces of the beam, of the spiral and of the sheath for each of the n components of the fields. At the boundary of the electron beam, the condition of continuity of the tangential components of the electromagnetic field must be observed; at the surface of the sheath, these components must equal zero. At the surface of the spiral waveguide (assuming an equivalent isotropic-conducting cylinder), the tangential components of the electric field are zero and the components of the magnetic field inside and outside the spiral in the direction of its conductivity are continuous. From these conditions, the Card 3/6

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的现在分词形式用的现在分词与时间的人们以对外的心态之间,但是是是不是有一种的人的人们的一种,但是是这种的人,但是是不同的主要的人的人们是是我们的人们们们们的人们们们们

An electron beam ...

amplitudes of the fields are expressed as $A_{ln} = E_{nz}(0)$, the strength of the longitudinal components of the electric field along the axis of the system. Thence, the dispersion equation is obtained. It is shown that the dielectric properties of the medium have much greater effect on the interaction of the field and the beam than the magnetic properties. 4. The simplified asymptotic form of the dispersion equation is used to find the value of the retardation. It is shown that the conditions for space-resonance for a spiral waveguide in an anisotropic medium are analogous to the same conditions for an isotropic magneto-electric. At low frequencies, the interaction of the waves with the beam is small. 5. The asymptotic form of the dispersion equation is also used for the case when a 2 b & ro. Since a weak beam introduces very little change into the system, the excitation theory may be applied and equations for the reverse and forward waves obtained. The cubic equation for the forward wave gives three solutions and four sets of propagation parameters (one set for the reverse wave h_1, χ_1 , and three sets $h_2, 3, 4, \chi_2, 3, 4$ for the forward waves) are obtained. These show that the amplitudes of the waves with Card 4/6

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An electron beam ...

propagation constants h_1 and h_2 are constant, but waves with h_3 and h_4 have amplitudes which change proportionally to exp(+z.Imh3,4). The amplitude change depends on the current density and on the parameters of the medium. velocities are also investigated. 6. The power "fluxes" inside the spiral and between the spiral and the sheath are next investigated and simplified asymptotic expressions obtained. At high frequencies and with no sheath the total power flow is proportional to the general dielectric permittivity and inversely proportional to the permeability. The distribution of power inside and outside the spiral is investigated and comparisons made of the power "fluxes" in systems with an anisotropic magneto-dielectric and with a vacuum, with and without a sheath, at high and at low frequencies. 7. Finally, expressions are obtained for the wave and coupling impedance. It is shown that at high frequencies, the coupling impedance decreases with frequency but increases with increase in beam diameter. At low frequencies the coupling impedance is very much higher than at high frequencies. There are 12 Soviet Card 5/6

26801-

An electron beam ...

5/142/61/004/002/003/010 E033/E435

ASSOCIATION:

Kafedra radiofiziki

Khar'kovskogo gos. universiteta im. A.M.Gor'kogo (Department of Radio-physics of the Khar'kov State University imeni A.M.Gor'kiy)

SUBMITTED:

March 7, 1960

Card 6/6

9.4230

S/185/61/006/001/005/011 D210/D305

AUTHOR:

Kondrat'yev, B.V.

TITLE:

An electron beam in a coaxial helical line (allow-

ance for geometrical dimensions of the helix)

PERIODICAL:

Ukrayins'kyy fizychnyy zhurnal, v. 6, no. 1, 1961,

77-85

TEXT: The author studied theoretically the propagation of electromagnetic waves in a coaxial helical line with an electron beam passing along the axis of the helix. Propagation of electromagnetic waves is approached by means of averaged-out boundary conditions on the helix which allow for the geometrical dimensions of the helix and its periodic properties; this is not possible if the helix is simply replaced by an anisotropic cylinder. The coaxial helical line is divided into three regions denoted by i = 1, 2 or 3: i = 1 (0 \leq r \leq a) which is the region occupied by a dense cylindrical monoenergetic electron beam; i = 2 (a \leq r \leq b) which is the region between the beam and the helix itself; i = 3 (b \leq r \leq r₀)

Card 1/2

35598

5/185/61/006/001/005/011 D210/D305

An electron beam...

which is the region between the helix and an outer screen; here a, b and r_0 denote the radii of the electron beam, the helix and the screen. The helix is taken to be a strip, $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ wide, wound round an imaginary cylinder of radius b. Using Maxwell's equations and equations of motion of a charge in the small-signal approximation, it is shown that the electromagnetic phase velocity increases and the amplitude decreases with increase of the strip width. The energy flux (the Poynting vector) is found within the helix and between the helix and the screen; it is shown to be affected by the presence of the electron beam but, at high frequencies, it is not greatly influenced by the geometry of the helix. The high-frequency wave impedance is also practically unaffected by the helix geometry; this impedance decreases with frequency and increases with electron beam intensity. There are 10 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Khar

Kharkivs'kyy derzhavnyy universytet im. O.M. Hor'

koho (Khar'kov State University im. A.M. Gor'kiy)

SUBMITTED:

March 2, 1960

Card 2/2

S/0274/63/000/004/A054/A054

ACCESSION NR: AR3000174

SOURCE: RZh. Radiotekhnika i elektrosvyez!, Abs. 4A332

AUTHOR: Kondrat'yev, B. V .; Slyusarskiy, V. A.

TIME: Computation of losses in coaxial helical line filled with enisotropic magnetodielectric medium of finite conduction

CITED SOURCE: Uch. zap. Khar'kovs. un-t. Tr. Radiofiz. fak., v. 121, no.5, 1962, 26-31

TOPIC TAGS: energy losses; anisotropic magnetodielectric medium; helical waveguide; electromagnetic field

TRANSLATION: Problems are considered which involve losses brought about by an anisotropic magnetodielectric medium placed within a helical waveguide of conxial type. An analysis is made of the instance of an axial anisotropy of the medium; the conductions of the media are assumed to be

Card 1/2

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Card 2/2							

33551 S/135/62/000/002/007/010 A006/A101

1.2300 1573

AUTHORS: Kondrat'yev, B. V., Novikov, N. Ya., Andreyev, I. I., Engineers

TITLE: Pipewelding with the aid of television technique

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 2, 1962, 30

TEXT: To assure high-quality internal pipe welds, the Khartsyzsk Pipe Plant employed a HTY-OM1 (PTU-OM1) type television set on a machine intended for the high-speed two-sided welding of internal pipe joints. The TV set assures the necessary accuracy of image transmission. The transmission camera is equipped with lens 10-3 (Yu3). It is rigidly connected with the welding torch and directed toward the edges of the blank to be welded. The device is designed in such a manner that the distance between the edge butt and the lens varies only slightly when welding pipes of various diameters. To eliminate the effect of distance variations, the lens is diaphragmed. The sight, which must coincide with the edge butt of the blank on the screen, is glued directly on the JN -23 (LI-23) vidicon. The receiving TV set is built into the control desk containing the control mechanisms and the buttons to correct the location of the blank and to make the edge butts of the blank coincide with the sight axis and the

Card 1/2

X

33**551** \$/135/**6**2/000/002/007/010 A006/A101

Pipewelding with the aid of television technique

electrodes. Due to the tenfold magnification of the lens, even insignificant deviations of the edges from the required position can be observed. To assure 24-hour operation of the machine, both the transmission and the receiving camera are cooled with compressed air. The butt is illuminated (200 - 300 lux) by two 50-watt tubes. The use of TV for the internal welding of pipes raises the reliability of the weld joints, reduces rejects due to poor fusion and shifted welds, increases the welding speed, and facilitates operation. There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Khartsyzskiy trubnyy zavod (Khartsyzsk Pipe Plant)

Card 2/2

23.72 s/109/62/001/003/015/029 D266/D302

9.4230 (1532,3304)

Shestopalov, V.P., Slyusarskiy, V.A., and AUTHORS:

Kondrat'yev, B.V.

Electron beam in a helix with anisotropic dielectric

Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 7, no. 3,1962, TITLE: PERIODICAL:

475 - 482

TEXT: The purpose of the paper is to study theoretically and experimentally the effect of an anisotropic dielectric on the properties of a helicoidal waveguide. The helix is surrounded by a dielectric whose permittivity components are denoted by ϵ_z , ϵ_r and ϵ_φ .

Assuming an axially symmetric solution - and small signal conditions in the beam - the electric and magnetic intensities are obtained in the regions (i) 0 = r = a, (ii) a = r = b and (iii) b = r = R. The solutions are matched on the boundaries leading to a dispersion equation containing a large number of different Bessel functions. Plotting the right-hand side of the dispersion equation Tor several different geometries it is round that a function of the Card (1/3

S/109/62/007/003/015/029 D266/D302

Electron beam in a helix with ...

form $F(\beta) = C \frac{\beta - \beta!}{\beta - \beta!}$

(12)

gives a good approximation (β is the axial propagation coefficient and C, β ', β " are constants depending only on the geometry of the structure). Assuming furthermore that $\Gamma a \ll 1$ (i.e. the electric intensity is constant across the beam) the following simplified equation is obtained for β ,

$$(1 - \frac{\mathbf{v}_0}{\mathbf{c}} \frac{\beta}{\beta_0})^2 (1 - 20\mathbf{c} \frac{\beta - \beta'}{\beta - \beta''}) - \frac{\mathbf{e}}{\mathbf{m}} \frac{\mathbf{j}}{\epsilon_0 \pi a^2 \mathbf{v}_0 \beta^2 \mathbf{c}^2} = 0$$
(13)

where v_0 - beam velocity, c - velocity of light, j - beam current, $\beta_0 = \omega/v_0$, ω - frequency. It can be shown that (13) is equivalent to a third order equation in β , demonstrating that in the presence of the electron beam three waves propagate in the direction of the electron flow. Solving (12) for $\epsilon_z/\epsilon_r = 5$ and 0.5 the imaginary electron flow. Solving (12) for $\epsilon_z/\epsilon_r = 5$ and 0.5 the imaginary part of β is plotted against v_0/c . The gain is considerably higher Card 2/3

KONDRAT' YEV, B.V., inzh.; ROZZUVAYEV, A.S., inzh.

Technological processes for manufacturing machine parts of compressed wood. Mashinostroenie no.2:87-89 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Khartsyzskiy trubnyy zavod.

(Wood, Compressed) (Woodwork)

KONDRATIVEY, B.V., inzh.; NOVIKOV, N.Ya., inzh.; ANDREYEV, I.I., inzh.

Application of television techniques to pipe welding. Svar.
proizv. no.2:30 F '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Khartsyzskiy trubnyy zaved.
(Pipe, Steel Welding)
(Industrial television)

KONDRATIVEY, B.V. [Kondratiev, B.V.]

Various methods for calculating dispersion in a helical wave guide with an anisotropic magnetodial entric medium. Ukr. fiz. shur. 8 no.8:844-854 Ag '63.

1. Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. Gor'kogo.

KONDRAT'YEV, B.V.

Effect of the width of the spiral band on the amplification
in a travoling-wave tube. Ukr. fiz. zhur. 8 no.11.1263 .1212
in '64.

N'64.

SALUKVADZE, V.S.; KONDRAT'YEV, B.V.; PLASTININ, B.N.

Protective coating of steel pipes. Stal* 23 [i.e. 24] no.4: 340-342 Ap *64. (MIRA 17:8)

S/0057/64/034/002/0374/0376

ACCESSION NR: AP4013433

AUTHOR: Vishnevetskiy, M.Z.; Kondrat'yev. B.V.; Solov'yeva, V.N.

TITLE: Concerning phase velocity reduction in a helix waveguide

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhn.fiz., v.34, no.2, 1964, 374-376

TOPIC TAGS: waveguide, helical waveguide, helix waveguide, phase velocity, phase velocity reduction, dispersion

ABSTRACT: The phase velocity in a helix waveguide is investigated. The waveguide is constructed in the form of a coaxial cable with an inner helical conductor and an outer cylindrical conductor. To investigate the effect of the presence of the outer cylindrical conductor on the phase velocity, the inner helical conductor is treated as an anisotropically conducting cylinder. The dispersion equation is written, and it is found that the presence of the outer conductor reduces the phase velocity and that the dispersion of the symmetric wave remains normal for all values of the radius of the outer conductor. The effect of the diameter (or width) of the wire (or strip) of which the helix is wound is investigated with the aid of a dispersion equation derived by V.P. Shestopalov and B.V. Kondrat yev (ZhTF 29, No. 12,

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4013433

3

1434,1959) from average boundary conditions on the helix. It is found that the velocity of the symmetric wave increases (particularly at the higher frequencies) with decreasing separation between the turns of the helix, i.e., with increasing ratio of wire diameter to helix pitch. Both calculations are extended to the first asymmetric wave. The propagation velocities of the right and left hand helical waves are very nearly the same. Orig.art.has: 6 formulas and 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovskiy gosumiversitet im.A.M.Gor'kogo (Kharkov State University)

SUBMITTED: 18May63

DATE ACQ: 26Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH

NR REP SOV: 004

OTHER: 000

2/2

S/0057/64/034/008/1436/1440

ACCESSION NR: AP4042931

AUTHOR: Kondrat yev, B.V.

TITLE: On the delay in a helical waveguide in an anisotropic medium

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v.34, no.8, 1964, 1436-1440

TOPIC TAGS: waveguide, helical waveguide, anisotropic medium, wave propagation

ABSTRACT: The propagation of waves in a helical waveguide containing four different anisotropic dielectrics is discussed. The first dielectric is in the form of a cylinder of radius less than that of the helix and coaxial with it; the second, occupies the space between the first and the helix; the third occupies the space between the helix and a cylindrical surface coaxial with it and of greater radius; and the fourth dielectric occupies the space between the third and the outer cylindrical conductor. The dielectric tensor of each medium, as well as its permeability, is assumed to be diagonal in cylindrical coordinates, with the radial and azimuthal components equal. The dispersion equation was derived and, since it is very unwieldy, it was simplified with the aid of the fact that the propagation velocity is very low. The simplified version (still quite cumbersome) is presented. The propagation

1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8

ACCESSION NR: AP4042931

velocity was calculated as a function of frequency for two special cases and for numerous values of two parameters, and the results are presented graphically. The special cases considered are those in which either only the second dielectric medium, or only the third, is present and has permeability unity and longitudinal dielectric constant two. The parameters varied are the radius of the dielectric (the inner radius in the one case and the outer in the other) and the ratio of the longitudinal to the transverse component of the dielectric tensor. In each case curves greater in a system with anisotropic media than in one with isotropic media, particularly if the longitudinal dielectric constant or permeability is less than the

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvenny*y universitet im.A.M. Gorkogo (Khar'kov State University)

SUBMITTED: 240ct63

SUB CODE: EM.EC

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 002

NR REF SOV: 004

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8

L 2310-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)

ACCESSION NR: AP5020734

UIV/0057/05/035/008/1447/1450

AUTHOR: Kondrat'yev, B.V.

18

TITLE:

Power flux in a helical waveguide with anisotropic filling

17 8

SOURCE:

Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 35, no. 8, 1965, 1447-1450

TOPIC TAGS: helical waveguide, dielectric waveguide, waveguide propagation, ani-

ABSTRACT: The author has calculated energy fluxes in a system consisting of a helical waveguide within a coaxial metal cylinder with the interior of the helix filled with an anisotropic dielectric and the space between the helix and the cylindrical wall filled with a second anisotropic dielectric. Both dielectrics are assumed to be axially symmetric with the symmetry axis coinciding with the axis of the system. Both the dielectric tensor and the magnetic permeability tensor of both media are assumed to be anisotropic. Details of the calculation are not given, but the final formula for the ratio of the energy flux inside the helix to the energy flux outside the helix for the n-th space harmonic is written and results calculated from it for certain special cases for the zeroth space har-

Card

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00082421

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8

PA 26/49T17 KONDRATIYEV, D. A. Aug 48 USSR/Electricity Hydroelectric Plants 011 Pressure "Oil-Pressure Relay for Mills," D. A. Kondrat'yev, G. A. Pasynkov, Engr, 1 p "Elek Stants" Vol XIX, No 8 Describes initiative displayed at hydroelectric-power station where the technical staff perfected automatic oil-pressure regulator to control oil supply for type Sh-8 and Sh-16 coal mills. Includes sketch of apparatus. 26/49T17

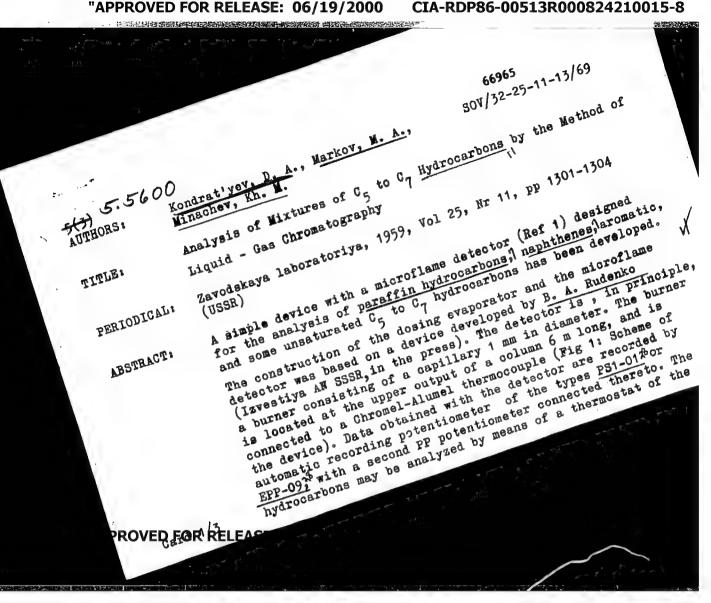
HERONOV. S.I.; KOMDRAT'YNV, D.A.; RALEHTOVA, Ye.S.; KAZANSKIY, B.A., skademik.

Contact transformations of 1, 1' - \(\beta\) dimethyldicyclohesyl in the presence of platinised cerbon. Dokl. AN SSSR 109 no.1:109-112 Jl-Ag '56.

(KERA 9:10)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni N.V. Lomonosova.

(Dimethyldicyclohesyl)



66965

Analysis of Mixtures of C₅ to C₇ Hydrocarbons by the Method of Liquid - Gas Chromatography

SOV/32-25-11-13/69

type TS-15M at constant or variable temperature. The best separating efficienc; was reached when two columns (each 3 m long) were used, the one filled with diatomite brick chips (0.25 to 0.5mm) and tricresyl phosphate, and the other filled with diatomite brick chips and dioctyl phthalate. Separation was first effected at 15 - 20°C (for 15 minutes), and all normal and isoparaffin hydrocarbons C5 to C7 were separated

V

from one another, whereafter temperature was raised to 85°C (1.5° per minute). Hydrogen was passed through the system with a rate of 60 cm³ per minute. The chromatogram of a 15-component (C5 to C7 hydrocarbon) mixture shows that all substances could be separated except for the pairs 2,3-dimethylbutene-2-methylpentane, cyclopentane-3-methylpentane, and cyclohexane-3-methylhexane. Results of an analysis of an artificial hydrocarbon mixture (Table 1) as well as with catalyzates at elevated temperature and hydrogen pressure (Table 2) are given. There are 3 figures, 2 tables, and 2 Soviet references.

Card 2/3

Analysis of Mixtures of C₅ to C₇ Hydrocarbons SOV/32-25-11-13/69 by the Method of Liquid - Gas Chromatography

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii im, N. D. Zelinskogo Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N.D.Zelinskiy of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR)

Card 3/3

MINACHEV, Mi.M.; KONDRAT'IEV, D.A.

Poisoning of a platimum catalyst with thisphens under conditions of reformings. Khim.sera-i asotorg.soed.sod.v neft.i nefteprod. (MIRA -416) 3:345-352 160.

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR. (Thiophene) (Gatalysis) (Petroleum Refining)

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; ISAGULYANTS, G.V.; KOHDRAT'YEV, D.A.

Poisoning of a platimum catalyst by thiophens under conditions of reforming. Report Mo.2: Use of thiophene containing the radioactive isotope \$35. Isv.AN SSSR Otd. khim. nauk no.5:902-906

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii imeni M.D. Zelinskogo Akademii nauk SSSR. (Thiophene) (Sulfur-Isotopes) (Platinum)

s/062/60/000/007/012/017/XX Investigation of the Poisoning of the B004/B064 Platinum Catalyst by Tiophene Under

the Conditions of Reforming. Communication 3. The Influence of Temperature and Hydrogen Pressure

at 20, 30, and 40 atm and 425, 450, 475 and 500°C after 1 - 2 hours. No stabilization of the yield occurred at 10 atm and 4500 and 475°C; the activity of the catalyst decreased steadily in the course of 20 hours. The stabilized yield increased with rising temperature $(425 \rightarrow 500^{\circ}\text{C})$ and decreased with rising pressure $(20 \rightarrow 40 \text{ atm})$. The specific surface of the deactivated catalyst decreases with increasing temperature, with pressure changes, however, it remains almost the same. A complete decomposition of thiophene occurs when both temperature and pressure rise. There are 2 figures, 2 tables, and 6 references: 5 Soviet and 1 US.

Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N. D. Zelinskogo ASSOCIATION:

Akademii nauk SSSR

(Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N. D. Zelinskiy

of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

January 8, 1959 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/2

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; SMIRNOV, V.S. KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.; LOGINOV, G.A.

Products of the dehydrocyclization of n-hexane and dehydrogenation

of cyclohexane obtained on an alumina-molybdenum oxide catalyst.

Izv.AN SSSR Otd.khim.nauk no.4:724-726 Ap *61. (MIRA 14:4)

l. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR. (Cyclohexane) (Hexane)

s/062/61/000/005/005/009 B118/B208

5.3700 2209, 1164, 1282

Shuykin, N. I. Tulupova, Ye. D., Polyakova, Z. P., and

Kondrat yev, D. A.

Catalytic dehydrochlorination of methyl chloro cyclohexanes TITLE :

to methyl cyclohexenes

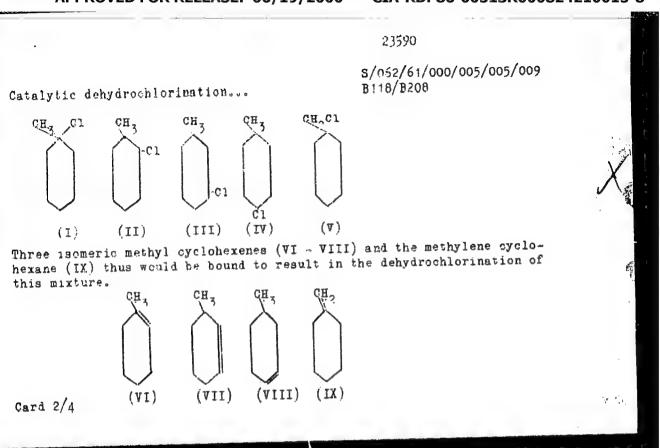
PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh

nauk, no, 5, 1961, 858 - 863

TEXT: The purpose of the present study was: 1) To find the optimum conditions for the photochemical chlorination of methyl cyclohexane. 2) To study the conditions necessary for a smooth dehydrochlorination of a mixture of methyl chloro cyclohexanes obtained by chlorination of methyl cyclohexane, as well as of methyl chloro cyclohexanes synthesized from the corresponding individual methyl syclohexanols. 3) To determine the structure of methyl cyclohexenes obtained by catalytic dehydrochlorination. The following four isomeric methyl chloro cyclohexanes (I-IV) and chloromethyl cyclohexane (V) may be theoretically expected in the photochemical chlorination of methyl cyclohexans;

Card 1/4

AUTHORS :



23589 \$/062/61/000/005/004/009 B118/B208

Mono-x-cyclopentadienyl...

 π -cyclopentadienyl compound to tetrapropoxy-titanium $(c_3H_70)_4$ Ti under mild conditions. Ethyl alcohol reacts similarly forming tetraethoxytitanium (95 % yield) and cyclopentadiene (97 % yield, in the form of thallium cyclopentadienyl). To obtain mixed chloride alcoholates of π cyclopentadienyl titanium, C5H5Ti(OR)Cl2 and C5H5Ti(OR)2Cl, \pi-cyclopentadienyl propoxy-titanium was allowed to react with acetyl chloride (1:2 and 1:1), where $C_5H_5Ti(OC_3H_7)Cl_2$ and $C_5H_5Ti(OC_3H_7)_2Cl$, respectively, resulted. The reaction products are green-yellow viscous liquids, not stable to atmospheric moisture, but stable when stored at 1 - 5°C. There are 11 references: 3 Soviet-bloc and 8 non-Soviet-bloc. The 4 references to English-language publications read as follows: C.L. Sloan, W. A. Barber, J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 81, 1364 (1959); M. A. Lynch, I. C. Brantley, Chem. Abstr. 52, 11126 (1958); A. K. Fischer, G. Wilkinson, J. Inorgan. Nuclear Chem. 2, 149 (1956); R. D. Gorsich, J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 80, 4744 (1958). ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Elemental-Organic Compounds of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 3/4

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.

Effect of pressure, temperature, and thiphene concentration on the depth of dehydrogenation and isomerization of cyclohexams in the presence of platimum catalysts. Izy.AN SSSR.Otd.khim.nauk no.5: 877-882 My 161. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR. (Cyclohexane) (Dehydrogenation)

s/062/61/000/009/009/014 B117/B101

AUTHORS:

Minachev, Kh. M., Smirnov, V. S., Kondrattvev. D. A., and

Loginov, G. A.

TITLE:

Effect of thiophene on the catalytic activity of industrial

aluminomolybdenum catalyst

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh

nauk, no. 9, 1961, 1669-1672

TEXT: The activity of an aluminomolybdenum catalyst for pure hydrocarbons and hydrocarbons containing varying amounts of thiophene was studied, for the purpose of determining the deactivation rate of this catalyst and comparing the data found with data on poisoning of platinum catalysts. The sulfur content on the catalyst was determined by means of S²⁵ tagged thiophene according to the method given in Ref. 3 (Kh. M. Minachev, G. V. Isagulyants, and D. A. Kondrat'yev, Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. n. 1960, 902). All tests were carried out in an ordinary catalytic plant at normal pressure and in a hydrogen streat. Hydrocarbon purity was tested by gasliquid chromatography. Cyclohexane and n-hexane, the hydrocarbons used for Card 1/3

Effect of thiophene on the ...

S/062/61/000/009/009/014 B117/B101

the tests, were passed thru at a volume velocity of 0.2 hr 1, at a molar ratio H₂: HC = 5: 1 (HC denoting the hydrocarbons). The tests lasted 6 to 45 hr. Data obtained in dehydrogenation of cyclohexane at 488 c and in dehydrocyclization of n-hexane at 500°C on the same catalyst have been reported in Ref. 5 (Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. n. 1961, 724) and are used for comparison in the present work. Data obtained on dehydrogenation of cyclohexane containing 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 3.0, and 5.0% by wt. thiophene show that the aromatizing effect of the catalyst decreases rapidly during the first few hours. After this, the deactivation rate slowly decreases. The degree of catalyst deactivation increases with increasing thiophene concentration. It was found that catalyst deactivation by the products of a radical degradation of cyclohexane is a much slower process than the decrease in aromatizing activity caused by thiophene. By comparison with platinum/alumina catalyst it was seen that the curves of catalyst poisoning and the dependence of catalyst activity on the thiophene concentration possess similar characteristics for both catalysts. In a test with cyclohexane containing 1.5% S³⁵-thiophene it was observed that increasing amounts of sulfur were deposited on the catalyst in the course of the process. After 20 hr work the catalyst had accumulated 1.6% of its own Card 2/3

8/062/61/000/009/009/014 B117/B101

Effect of thiophene on the ...

weight in sulfur, that is 28.1% of the sulfur introduced into the system. The liquid portion of the catalyzate contained 7.9% sulfur and 162.5% of the initial sulfur was liberated in the form of hydrogen sulfide. During dehydrocyclization of n-hexane containing 2.0% and 5.0% thiophene the aromatizing activity of molybdenum-alumina catalyst changes in the same manner as during dehydrogenation of cyclohexane containing thiophene. In the presence of thiophene the decrease in the yield of alkylated aromatic substances runs parallel to the decrease in benzene yield. The qualitative composition of the products obtained from cyclohexane and n-hexane in the presence of thiophene is practically the same as that of the products formed from the pure hydrocarbons under the same conditions and with the same catalyst. There are 4 figures, 2 tables, and 5 references: 4 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: R. W. Hummer, H. S. Taylor, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 63, 2804 (1941).

ASSOCIATION:

Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N. D. Zelinskogo Akademii

nauk SSSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N. D.

Zelinskiy of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: Card 3/3

January 2, 1961

120

. 33483 s/195/61/002/005/008/027 E040/E485

5.1190 11.0132 Minachev, Kh.M., Kondrat'yev, D.A., Slyunyayev, P.I.

AUTHORS: TITLE:

Investigation by means of thiophene-s35 of the poisoning of platinum-alumina catalysts containing

various proportions of the metal

PERIODICAL: Kinetika i kataliz, v.2, no.5, 1961, 690-693 Platinum-alumina catalysts are of a considerable practical importance in the petroleum industry and for this reason the authors carried out previously a series of systematic studies of the poisoning of these catalysts by sulphur during the dehydrogenation of cyclohexane at elevated temperatures (Ref.1, 2 and 3: Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. khim. n., 1960, 300; 1960, 902; In the present article the results are given of further studies in the above series, the specific purpose of the Pt concentration in the catalyst mixture and the quantity of sulphur that must be deposited on the catalyst in order to inhibit its catalytic activity; 2. elucidate the distribution of sulphur in the catalyst layer and 3. correlate the degree of catalyst

Card 1/3

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S/195/61/002/005/008/027 Investigation by means of ... E040/E485

observed after passing the cyclohexane for the next 5 hours. There are 3 figures, 1 table and 10 references: 9 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to an English language publication reads as follows: Ref.8: W.P.Hettinger, C.D.Keith, J.L.Gring, J.W.Teter. Ind. Eng. Chem., v.47, 1955, 719.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N.D.Zelinskiy, AS USSR)

Card 3/3

s/081/62/000/001/007/067 B156/B101

AUTHORS:

Minachev, Kh. M. Isagulyants, G. V., Kondrat'yev, D. A.

TITLE:

Investigation of the poisoning of a platinum catalyst, in reforming conditions, by thiophene containing the radio-

active isotope s35

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 1, 1962, 73-74, abstract 1B540 (Sb. "Khimiya seraorgan. soyedineniy, soderzhashchikhaya v neftyakh i nefteproduktakh, v. 4". M., Gostoptekhizdat,

1961, 160-165)

TEXT: The general laws for the poisoning of platinized Al203 containing 5% Pt by thiophene labeled with radioactive sulfur, when dehydrogenating cyclohexane in a flow system at an H₂ pressure of 20 atm and a temperature of 450°C, are studied. Radiochemical analysis enabled the sulfur content of the catalyst to be determined, this varying between 0.063 and 0.14% according to the concentration of thiophene in the initial mixture. The activity of

Card 1/2

CIA ROPERTION CHOMBERS

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; SMIRNOV, V.S.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.; LOGINOV, G.A.

Effect of thiophene on the catalytic activity of the industrial aluminomolybdic catalyst. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd.khim.nauk no.9:1669-1672 S 61. (MIRA 14:9)

 Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR. (Thiophene) (Catalysis)

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.; SLYUNYAYEV, P.I.

Effect of thiophene on an aluminum-molybdenum catalyst under conditions of cyclohexane dehydrogenation under hydrogen pressure. Izv. AM

SSSR. Otd.khim.nauk no.5:806-809 My '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR. (Catalysts) (Dehydrogenation) (Cyclohexane) (Thiophene)

LEVITSKIY, I.I.; GONIKBERG, M.G.; MINACHEV, Kh.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.

Water promoted platinum-alumina catalyst. Report No.1:

Rydrogenation of benzene. Izv.AN SSSR.Otd.khim.nauk no.7:1169
Rydrogenation of henzene. (MIRA 15:7)

1174 J1 '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR.

(Benzene) (Hydrogenation) (Catalysts)

LEVITSKIY, I.I.; CONIKBERG, M.G.; MINACHEV, Kh.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.

Effect of water on the activity of alumina-platinum catalysts with various metal content. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.11: 2065-2066 N *63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii imeni N.D. Zelinskogo AN SSSR.

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.; SLYUNYAYEV, P.I.

Effect of thiophene on the properties of Pd-, Rh-, Ru-, and Pt-Al203 catalysts under conditions of cyclohexane dehydrogenation. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.6:999-1003 '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii imeni Zelinskogo AN SSSR.

MINACHEV, Kh.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, D.A.; SLYUNYAYEV, P.I.

Effect of thiophene on the properties of alumina-platinum catalysts under conditions of dehydroisomerization of methylcyclopentane. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.7:1169-1174 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D. Zelinskogo AN SSSR.

KONDRAT'YEV, D.F.; PODOLYAN, E.F.

Put under public control the distribution of technical records to construction projects. Transp. stroi. 12 no.9:60 S '62. (MIRA 16:2)

l. | Nachal'nik planogo-proisvodstvennogo otdela Kiyevgiprotransa (for Kondrat'yev).

(Construction industry)

FAYN, G.M.; KONDRAT'YEV, E.P.; DRABKIN, V.S.

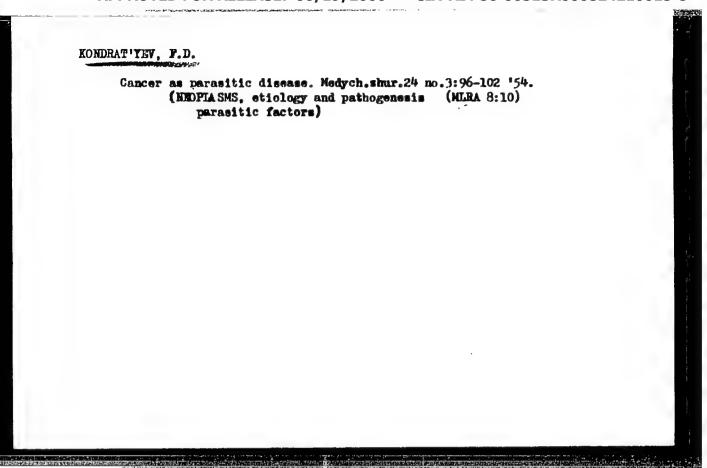
Preparing light-alloy pipes for well drilling. Trudy VNIIBT (MIRA 18:4)

no.12:68-71 '64.

SHTAMBURG, V.F.; KONDRATIVEV, E.P.; KÜZMETBOV, G.I.; MERINA, A.A.;
FAIN, G.M.

Drilling wells using light-alloy drilling pipes. Trudy
VNIIBT no.12:72-92 **164

(MIRA 18:4)



ENT(1)/EWT(m)/EEC(k)-2/ETC(f)/EPF(n)-2/EWG(m)/T/EWP(t)/EWA(h) LIP(c) L 15885-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/3136/65/000/949/0001/0008 ACC NR: AT6002494 JD/WW/JG AUTHOR: Kondrat'yev, F. V.; Sinyutin, G. V.; Tikhonov, V. F. ORG: Institute of Atomic Energy im. I. V. Kurchatov, Moscow (Institute atomnoy energii) TITLE: Effect of pile radiation on the performance of a cesium diode SOURCE: Moscow. Institut atomnoy energii. Doklady, IAE-949, 1965. Vliyaniye izlucheniya reaktora na rabotu tseziyevogo dioda, 1-8 TOPIC TAGS: cesium electron tube, nuclear reactor, volt ampere characteristic. diode electron tube ABSTRACT: In connection with the practical applications of thermoemissive transducers which convert heat produced by nuclear reactors into electric energy, the authors studied the effect of a pile radiation field on the characteristics of a cesium diode. The measurements were made at cathode temperatures of 1500, 1700, and 2000C and cesium vapor pressure from 10-2 to several mm Hg. The VVR-2 pile of the Institute of Atomic Energy (Institut atomnoy energii) was used as the radiation source. It was found that the pile radiation field changes the voltampere characteristics of the diode, and that during the operation of the diode in Card 1/2

KONDRATITIV, E.V.

Schlechreule process complicated by prolonged alcoholic intexication.

Frak.sudebnopsikh.ekspert. no.3:32-40 161.

(MIRA 17:10)

L 24218-65 ENT(m)/EPF(c)/EPF(n)-2/EPR Pr-4/Pe-4/Pu-4 DM

ACCESSION NR: AP5001288 S/0089/84/017/008/0463/0474

B AUTHOR: Kurchatov, I. V./. Feynberg, S. M.; Dolleshall N. A.; Aleshchenkov, P. L.; Drozdov, F. S.; Yemeliyanov, I., Ya.; Zhirov, A. D.; Kayachenko, M. A.; Petunin, B. V.; Smirnov, V. P.; Talyzim, V. M.; Filippov, A. G.; Chikhladze, I. L.; Chulkov, P. M.; Shevalev, Ya. V.

TITLE: Pulse graphite reactor IGR

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 17, no. 6, 1964, 463-474

TOPIC TAGS: pulse graphite reactor, high neutron flux pulse, nuclear reactor ABSTRACT: The paper is a summary of the SSSR #322a report at the International Conference on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy in Geneva, 1964. It represents S. M. Feinberg at the Second International Conference. The pulse reactor IGR given by used when a high neutron flux is desirable. The described reactor was in opera-

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ASSOCIATION: None			
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KONDRAT'YEV, F.V.

Forensic psychiatric expertise in slowly developing schizophrenia. Sud.-med. eksp. 8 no.3:44-49 J1-S '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-isaledovatel'skiy jostitut sudebnoy psikhiatrii imeni Serbakogo (dir.- dotsent G.V. Morozov), Moskva.

KOMDPATIYEV, G. G.

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So: U-3850, 16 June 53, (Letopsis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 5, 19h9)

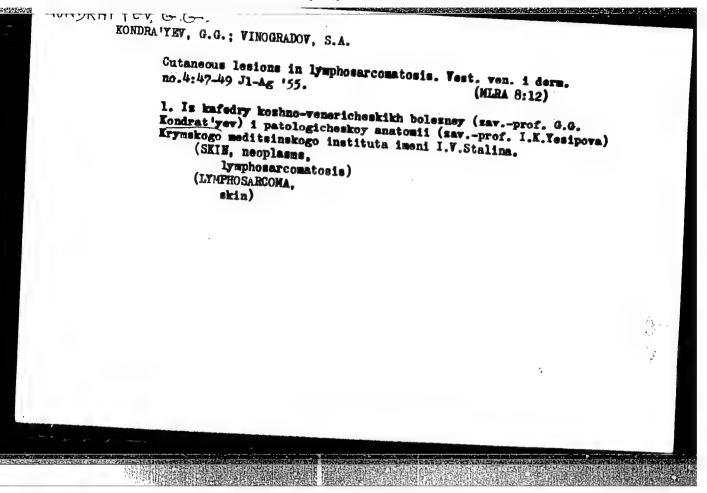
KOHURAT'YHY, G. G.

Formalin therapy for times profunds of the scalp and face. Vest.ven. i derm. no.2:54 Mr-Ap '55. (MLRA 8:5)

1. Is kliniki koshnykh i venericheskikh bolesnoy Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. Stalina.

(FORMALDMENTOS)

(SKIN — DISMANS)



Gonorrheal ulcers in women. Akush. i gin. no.4:78-80 Jl-Ag '55.

1. Iz kliniki koshnykh i venericheskikh bolesney (sav.prof. G.G.Kondrat'yev) Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.V.

Stalima.

(GONORRHEA, compl. lesions of female genitalia, diag.)

(GENITALIA, FEMALE, dis. gonorrheal lesions, diag.)

KCHDRAT'YEV, G. G.; VALVATEVA, Z. F.

Decoction from eucalyptus leaves for treating skin diseases. Vest. ven i derm. no. 5:53 S-0 '55. (MIRA 9:1)

(SKIN-DISEASES)

(EUCALYPTUS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824210015-8"

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1. Iz kafedry kozhnykh i venericheskikh bolezney (zav. - prof. G.G.Kondrat'yev) Omskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni M.I. Kalinina.

(ALLERGY, exper.

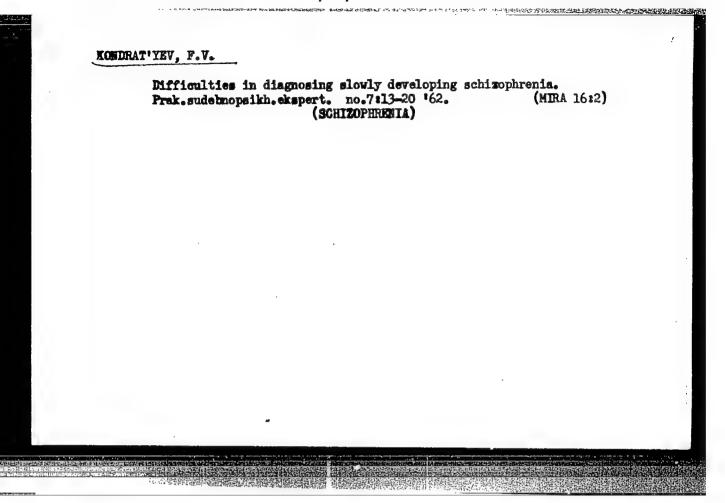
Arthus phenomenon in staphyloderma in rabbits (Rus))

(PYODERHA, exper.

Pame)

(MICROCOCCAL INFECTIONS, exper.

staphyloderma, Arthus phenomenon in guinea pige (Rus))



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(MEDICAL MYCOLOGY) (FOOT_DISEASES)

**Reference book and methodological aid on infectious skin and venereal diseases (for rural subprofessional medical personnel) by B.D.Pletnev, V.P.Sergeev. Reviewed by G.G.Kondrat'ev. Fel'd. i akush. 26 no.5:62-63 My '61. (MIRA 14:5) (SKIN-DISEASES) (VENERAL DISEASES) (PLETNEV, B.D.) (SERGEEV, V.P.)

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(LUPUS)

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1. Professor for Yelisarovskiy. 2. Of the Department of Operative Surgery (Head -- Prof. S. I. Yelizarovskiy), Arkhangel'sk Medical Institute.

KONDRATIYEV. G.I.; STUPNIKOV, S.Ya.; YELIZAROVSKIY, S.I., professor, zaveduyushchiy; ORLOV, G.A., professor, direktor.

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(Aorta) (Pleura)

KONDRATU'YKV, G.I., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; STUPRIKOV, S.Ya.,

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(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, compl.
topographical changes of mediastinal organs)
(THORAX, anatomy and histol.
topographical changes of mediastinal organs caused
by pulm.tuberc.)